## 《国际经济学》课程中英文简介

International Economics

课程代码：151253A **Course Code：**151253A

课程名称：国际经济学 **Course Name：**International Economics

学时：48 **Hours：**48

学分：3 **Credits：**3

考核方式：考试 **Assessment：** Examination

先修课程：经济学原理 **Prerequisite：**Principles of Economics

国际经济学主要运用经济学的分析方法，分析经济体和经济体之间的经济关系，和开放经济的一般运行规律及其运行方式；研究国际贸易、国际金融和要素在国际间流动的决定因素、理论模型、运行机制和政策含义；以达到可以应用理论来解释现实中的问题的目的。本课程可分为国际贸易理论和政策和国际金融理论两部分内容。国际贸易部分具体包括：比较优势理论，标准贸易模型，要素禀赋论，新贸易理论，经济增长和国际贸易，关税壁垒，非关税壁垒，国际贸易政策理论，经济一体化，要素的国际流动。国际金融部分具体包括：外汇与国际收支，汇率的决定理论，国际收支调节理论，开放经济下的宏观调控和国际货币体系等。此外，我们将结合课程不同章节的内容，加入对应的课程思政教育学习，培养学生的爱国意识，提升学生对国家政策的了解，树立学生正确的价值观，为国家培养优秀的大学生人才。

This course is designed to introduce students to both theoretical and empirical analysis of global markets. Traditionally, international economics can be divided into two broad subfields: international trade and international finance. Intentional trade analysis focuses primarily on the real transactional economy, while international finance focuses on the monetary side of international economy. The first part of this course includes the study of positive issues, such as: Why do countries trade? What goods do countries trade? What are the implications of openness for the location of production, industries, occupations, and innovative activity? In the second part, we will first study the macroeconomic accounting system in an open economy framework using the balance of payments accounts. Next we will cover the foreign exchange market and apply no arbitrage ideas to derive parity conditions for exchange rates. We will also explore the determinants of international capital flows, foreign exchange risk and financial derivatives as well as different theories of exchange rate determination.